BEST PRACTICES

KEEP ACCURATE AND ONGOING RECORDS OF STUDENT DISCIPLINE.

TAKE AND KEEP NOTES OF ALL PARENT AND ADMINISTRATOR MEETINGS.

BE CAUTIOUS WITH WHAT YOU POST OR SHARE ON SOCIAL MEDIA.

USE YOUR WEINGARTEN RIGHTS

"If this discussion could in any way lead to my being disciplined or terminated, or affect my personal working conditions, I respectfully request that my union representative be present."

SCOTUS Decision: NLRB v. Weingarten, Inc. 420 U.S. 251 (1975)





Developed by the Professional Rights & Responsibilities Committee of CTA's State Council with the assistance of CTA's Legal Department.

This pamphlet provides general information about your rights to assist you in critical situations. It does not provide legal advice.

LEARN MORE: cta.org/yourrights

EDUCATOR'S RIGHTS

Know your rights! Use your rights!



IN THE CLASSROOM

Education Code (EC) 49066

personnel. EC 49331

EC 48910

Educators have authority to determine student grades.

A school employee may take any injurious object away from any

student while on school premises or under the authority of school

By law, educators must be confidentially informed of each student

who engaged in, or is reasonably suspected of, acts that are grounds for suspension or expulsion, within the past three years. EC 49079

Educators may suspend students from class for the day of suspension

and the following day. Ask the parent or guardian to attend a

conference regarding the class suspension as soon as possible.

Ask what a meeting's purpose is before attending.

the "scope of the investigation."

lead to criminal prosecution.

Assert the right under Weingarten and EERA to union representation in meetings that have the potential to lead to discipline and to know

WITH ADMINISTRATORS

Stop a meeting that has become disciplinary in nature until union representation arrives, and an opportunity for consultation is given.

Request unusual directives in writing before complying.

Refuse to give explanations and/or submit a written statement until after consulting with a union representative.

Remain silent and consult a lawyer if accused of conduct that could

PARENTS/GUARDIANS

Parents/guardians are liable for their minor children's willful misconduct that causes injury to person and/or property. EC 48904, 48905

A parent or guardian who materially disrupts a class or school activity is guilty of a misdemeanor. EC 44811

Immediately stop and demand the attendance of a union representative or administrator if a parent or guardian meeting becomes unpleasant.